## FORM 10-Q SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

[ x ] OUARTERLY REPORT PUR	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE		
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934			
For the quarterly period er	nded March 31, 1996		
	OR		
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PU EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	URSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES		
For the transition period $\epsilon$	ended		
Commission File Number 1-66			
	EQUIFAX INC.		
(Exact name of regi	estrant as specified in its charter)		
Georgia	58-0401110		
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S.Employer		
1600 Peachtree Street, N.W. P.O. Box 4081, Atlanta,			
(Address of principal executive	offices) (Zip Code)		
	404-885-8000		
(Registrant's telep	phone number, including area code)		
	None		
	dress and former fiscal year, if changed .nce last report)		
to be filed by Section 13 or 15 during the preceding 12 months	the registrant (1) has filed all reports required (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (or for such shorter period that the registrant as), and (2) has been subject to such filing vs. Yes [x] No		
Indicate the number of shares ou common stock, as of the latest p	utstanding of each of the issuer's classes of practicable date.		
Class	Outstanding at March 31, 1996		
Common Stock, \$1.25 Par Value	153,056,494		
I	INDEX		
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Part I. Financial Information			
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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)	MARCH 31, 1996	31, 1995
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	28,076 43,488	\$ 26,136 258,335 30,594 51,611
Total current assets	374 <b>,</b> 172	366 <b>,</b> 676
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:  Land, buildings and improvements  Data processing equipment and furniture  Less-Accumulated depreciation	231,621 249,887	18,050 218,699  236,749 148,901
		<u>-</u>
GOODWILL	/	353 <b>,</b> 571
PURCHASED DATA FILES	•	74 <b>,</b> 828
OTHER		170 <b>,</b> 772
	\$ 1,078,473	\$ 1,053,695 =======

The notes on pages 7 through 9 are an integral part of these statements.

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CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  (In thousands, except par value)		MARCH 31, 1996	Ι	DECEMBER 31, 1995
	(U1	naudited)		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Short-term debt and current maturities Accounts payable	\$	31,795 70,316	\$	20,384 62,194

Accrued salaries and bonuses	24,050 11,751 143,608	140,123
Total current liabilities		250,620
LONG-TERM DEBT, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES	250 <b>,</b> 608	302 <b>,</b> 665
POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATION		80,885 
LONG-TERM DEFERRED REVENUE	45 <b>,</b> 773	
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	62 <b>,</b> 865	66,103
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 5)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:  Common stock, \$1.25 par value; shares authorized - 300,000; issued - 169,426 in 1996 and 168,812 in 1995; outstanding - 146,498 in 1996 and 147,245 in 1995  Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; shares authorized 10,000; issued and outstanding - none in 1996 or	211,783	211,015
1995		
Paid-in capital	180,153	•
Retained earnings  Cumulative foreign currency translation	294,035	269,986
adjustment	(15,495)	(13,777)
and 14,847 shares in 1995	(248,868)	(218,613)
Stock held by employee benefits trusts, at cost, 6,554 shares in 1996 and 6,719 shares in 1995	(64,584)	(66,209)
Total shareholders' equity	357,024	353,422
		\$ 1,053,695 =======

The notes on pages 7 through 9 are an integral part of these statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)		THREE MON			
(In thousands, except per share amounts)		1996	1995		
Operating revenue		423,011			
Costs of services				252 <b>,</b> 123 78 <b>,</b> 835	
Total operating expenses				330,958	
Operating income					
Other income, net		448 (5,239)		•	
Income before income taxes	_				
Provision for income taxes		24,288		21,020	
Net income			\$	29,472	
Weighted average common shares outstanding		146,669			
Per common share: Net income	\$		\$	0.19	
Dividends	\$	0.083	\$	0.078	

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

(In thousands)	MARCH	NTHS ENDED 31, 1996
COMMON STOCK: Balance at beginning of period. Shares issued under stock plans.		211 <b>,</b> 015 768
Balance at end of period	\$	211,783
PAID-IN CAPITAL: Balance at beginning of period. Shares issued under stock plans. Other.	\$	171,020 8,592 541
Balance at end of period	\$	180,153
RETAINED EARNINGS: Balance at beginning of period. Net income. Cash dividends paid.	\$	269,986 36,845 (12,796)
Balance at end of period		294 <b>,</b> 035
CUMULATIVE FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENT: Balance at beginning of period	\$	(13,777) (1,718)
Balance at end of period	\$	(15,495)
TREASURY STOCK: Balance at beginning of period	\$	(218,613) (30,255)
Balance at end of period	\$	(248,868)
STOCK HELD BY EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUSTS: Balance at beginning of period	\$	(66,209) 1,625
Balance at end of period	\$	(64 <b>,</b> 584)

The notes on pages 7 through 9 are an integral part of this statement.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (In thousands)	THREE MON MARC 1996	н 31,
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Net income	36.845	\$ 29,472
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	00,010	+ 23,172
Depreciation and amortization	19,118	18,885
Accounts receivable, net	1,186	7,722
Current liabilities, excluding debt	18,551	(19,888)
Other current assets	8,224	(4,226)
Deferred income taxes	(2,205)	(812)
Other long-term liabilities, excluding debt.	45,711	(1,922)
Net cash provided by operating activities	127,430	29 <b>,</b> 231
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to property and equipment	(9,698)	(7,829)
Additions to other assets, net		(13,547)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(14,975)	(5,883)
Deferred payments on prior year acquisitions	0	(8,743)

Net cash used by investing activities	(33,303	(36,002)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net short-term borrowings	4,813	30,243
Payments on long-term debt	(45,395	(913)
Dividends paid	(12,796	(12,334)
Treasury stock purchases	(30,255	)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	7,551	5 <b>,</b> 789
Other	541	521
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(75,541	23,306
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash.	55	244
Net cash provided	18,641	16,779
Cash at beginning of period	26,136	18,641
Cash at end of period		
	=======	

The notes on pages 7 through 9 are an integral part of these statements.

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# EQUIFAX INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) MARCH 31, 1996

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This information reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the financial position of the Company as of March 31, 1996 and the results of operation and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 1996 and 1995. All adjustments made have been of a normal recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. The Company believes that disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995.

#### 2. NATURE OF OPERATIONS:

The Company principally provides information services to businesses that help them grant credit, authorize and process credit card and check transactions, insure lives and property, and manage and control healthcare costs. The principal lines of business are credit services, payment services, insurance services, and healthcare information services. The principal markets for credit and payment services are retailers, banks and financial institutions, while those for insurance services are life and health and property and casualty insurance companies. The principal markets for healthcare information services are healthcare providers, payers, and managed care organizations. The Company's operations are predominately located within the United States.

#### 3. USE OF ESTIMATES:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### 4. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:

COMMON AND PREFERRED STOCK. In May 1996, the Company's shareholders approved a Board of Directors resolution which increased the authorized Common Stock of the Company from 250 million to 300 million shares. The shareholders also approved another Board of Directors resolution to authorize 10 million shares of blank check preferred stock.

TREASURY STOCK. During the first quarter of 1996, the Company repurchased approximately 1,527,000 of its common shares through open market transactions at an aggregate cost of \$30,255,000.

STOCK HELD BY EMPLOYEE BENEFITS TRUSTS. Also during the first quarter, the

Company reissued approximately 165,000 shares of stock held by an employee benefits trust, with the shares used for stock option exercises and performance share plan awards.

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#### 5. AGREEMENT WITH COMPUTER SCIENCES CORPORATION:

The Company has an agreement with Computer Sciences Corporation (CSC) under which CSC-owned credit bureaus and certain CSC affiliate bureaus utilize the Company's credit database service. CSC and these affiliates retain ownership of their respective credit files and the revenues generated by their credit reporting activity. The Company receives a processing fee for maintaining the database and for each report supplied. The agreement expires in 1998, is renewable at the option of CSC for successive ten-year periods, and provides CSC with an option to sell its collection and credit reporting businesses to the Company. The option is currently exercisable and expires in 2013. In the event CSC does not exercise its option to sell and does not renew the agreement, or if there is a change in control of CSC, the Company has the option to purchase CSC's collection and credit reporting businesses. The option price is determined, for all purposes, in accordance with the following schedule: on or before July 31,1998, at the price determined by certain financial formulas (currently estimated at approximately \$400 million); and after July 31, 1998, at appraised value.

#### 6. LOTTERY CONTRACT DISPUTE, LITIGATION, AND SETTLEMENT:

High Integrity Systems, Inc. (HISI), a Company subsidiary, entered into a contract in July 1992 to provide lottery services to the state of California, whereby HISI agreed to provide a system to automate the processing of instant lottery tickets and a system to sell on-line game tickets through 10,000 low-volume terminals.

On April 26, 1993, the California State Lottery (CSL) filed suit against HISI in Superior Court, Sacramento County, California, with said complaint amended May 7, 1993 naming Equifax Inc., et al. and Federal Insurance Company as additional defendants. The CSL sought unspecified damages for alleged breach of contract and injunctive relief. On May 7, 1993, HISI filed a cross-complaint against the CSL seeking compensatory and general damages in an amount not less than \$65 million and special and consequential damages in an amount not less than \$100 million alleging breach of contract and seeking recovery of the reasonable value of the labor and materials expended on behalf of the CSL based on the theory of quantum meruit and unjust enrichment.

In September 1993, the Company recorded a provision of \$48,438,000 (\$30,939,000 after tax, or \$.21 per share) related to the lottery contract to write down data processing equipment and other assets to their estimated net realizable value and to accrue for estimated costs related to litigation with the CSL.

On July 14, 1995, the CSL and HISI jointly announced a renewed business agreement which allowed the litigation between the parties to be settled pending execution of the terms of the contract. On November 9, 1995, the CSL and HISI finalized the terms of the reinstated contract. The final settlement was approved by the trial court on December 19, 1995, and provides that the CSL and HISI shall file dismissals with prejudice of their respective claims no later than 365 days following the trial court's approval.

The settlement provides for a reinstated contract whereby HISI will install its system to automate the processing of instant lottery tickets, with the CSL purchasing 6,700 terminals, related security hardware and licensing various software applications developed to support the system from HISI for \$25,000,000. In the fourth quarter of 1995, the Company recorded a credit of \$19,665,000 (\$11,996,000 after tax, or \$.08 per share) to reflect the financial impact of this settlement net of related legal expenses and additional costs to be incurred by the Company to complete the system software and install the terminals. Under the reinstated contract, HISI will initially install a minimum of 6,000 terminals with HISI retaining an option to install up to 4,000 additional terminal locations, with CSL approval. HISI is also guaranteed to receive 66 months of revenue for each of the 6,000 terminals at the rate of 5% on each dollar of lottery ticket sales occurring from each terminal. If HISI completes the system and acceptance testing within specified dates, an incentive payment of up to \$4,000,000 may be earned. HISI and the CSL have established an oversight committee and engaged an independent technical advisor who will consult in the design and implementation of acceptance testing and start-up activities.

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On February 6, 1996, HISI and GTECH Corporation (GTECH) entered into an agreement whereby HISI subcontracted many of its obligations under the reinstated contract to GTECH. This subcontract provides for a one-time payment of \$58,000,000 by GTECH to HISI, and also provides that future payments received by HISI from the CSL for lottery ticket sales and incentives earned be paid to GTECH. The Company received the \$58,000,000 from GTECH and recognized \$5,000,000 in revenue related to the subcontract in the first quarter, 1996. The current

portion of the remaining \$53,000,000 balance is included in other current liabilities, and the non-current portion is recorded as long-term deferred revenue. The \$53,000,000 balance will be recognized as revenue over the term of the reinstated CSL contract, net of related expenses.

#### 7. ACQUISITIONS:

During the first quarter, the Company acquired substantially all the assets and business operations of a company which will operate in the Credit Services segment. The acquisition was accounted for as a purchase, and had an aggregate purchase price of \$15.0 million, with approximately \$9.5 million allocated to goodwill and \$6.7 million to other assets (primarily software). Their results of operation have been included in the consolidated statement of income from the date of acquisition and were not material to the results of operation of the Company.

#### 8. RESTRUCTURING:

In the fourth quarter of 1995, the Company initiated a restructuring program designed to streamline operations by reducing staffing levels and consolidating facilities. Staffing levels were reduced by approximately 750 employees primarily in the Insurance Services, General Information Services, and Credit Services Segments. The total cost of this program was \$19,572,000 (\$11,939,000 net of tax, or \$.08 per share). Components of the restructuring provision and utilization through March 31, 1996 are as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

(In Thousands)	Severance and Termination Benefits	d Asset Write-Offs	Lease Costs	Total
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Original provision Utilized in 1995	\$13,813 (2,521)	\$ \$ 2,994 (2,994)	2,765 (915)	\$19,572 (6,430)
Balance, December 31, 1995 Utilized in 1996	11,292 (4,224)		1,850 (467)	13,142 (4,691)
Balance, March 31, 1996	\$ 7,068	\$\$ =========	1,383	\$ 8,451 ======

#### </TABLE>

The reserve balance at March 31, 1996 is included in other current liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets.

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

Results of Operations - (first quarter of 1996 compared to the first quarter of 1995)

First quarter revenue increased 10% over 1995. Acquisitions contributed about two percentage points to revenue growth, while 1995 divestitures decreased revenue growth by about four percentage points. Operating income increased 24% over the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of revenue growth in higher margin business units, improvement in the International Operations segment, and the recognition of revenue from a lottery subcontract (Note 6).

Net income for the quarter increased 25%, from \$29.5 million to \$36.8 million. Net income per share was \$0.25 in 1996, an increase of 32% over the prior year.

In the fourth quarter of 1995, the Company changed its segment reporting structure by moving its Equifax National Decision Systems business unit from the General Information Services segment to the Credit Services segment. First quarter, 1995 information has been restated to conform with the new presentation. Operating revenue and operating income by industry segment for the first quarter of 1996 and 1995 are as follows (in thousands):

<TABLE>

Operating Revenue:

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1996 1995

Credit Services Payment Services Insurance Services International Operations General Information Services	\$138,690 71,598 135,755 54,646 22,322	\$119,320 60,878 127,099 48,932 27,964
	\$423,011 ======	\$384,193 ======
Operating Income (Loss):	1996	1995
Credit Services Payment Services Insurance Services International Operations General Information Services	\$ 47,539 11,815 9,858 4,012 3,209	\$ 40,615 11,003 9,558 2,280 (1,481)
Operating Contribution General Corporate Expense	76,433 (10,509)	61,975 (8,740)
	\$ 65,924 ======	\$ 53,235 ======

#### </TABLE>

The following discussion analyzes operating results by industry segment, general corporate expense, and consolidated other income and effective income tax rates.

#### Credit Services

Revenue in Credit Services, which includes Credit Reporting Services, Mortgage Information Services, Risk Management Services, and Equifax National Decision Systems, increased 16% in the first quarter, with two percentage points attributable to acquisitions. Credit Reporting Services, excluding acquisitions, was up 11% in the quarter driven by increased prescreening business for credit card issuers and volume growth in the automotive, mortgage, banking and utilities industries. Average prices continue to decline, but at a lower rate than in prior quarters. However, this decline was more than offset by continued volume growth. Revenue in Mortgage

1.0

Information Services, exclusive of a 1995 acquisition, increased 27% in the quarter due to increased refinancing activity. Risk Management Services increased 28%, due to new business from customers outsourcing the accounts receivable management function of their businesses.

Operating income in the first quarter increased 17% from the prior year due primarily to the revenue growth within Credit Reporting Services and Risk Management Services.

#### Payment Services

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Revenue in Payment Services, which includes Check Services, Card Services, and FBS Software, increased 18% over the prior year. Check Services revenue increased 4%, with a 2% decline in check guarantee revenue offset by increases in other Check Services products. Card Services revenue increased 23%, with growth driven by increases in processing of both cardholder and merchant transactions. FBS Software revenue improved \$2.8 million due primarily to several large consulting projects which began in the fourth quarter of 1995 and the first quarter of 1996.

Operating income increased 7% in the quarter, with a 24% increase in Card Services tempered by a \$1.0 million decline in Check Services. Growth in Card Services was attributable to the revenue improvement, while the decline in Check Services operating income resulted primarily from higher selling and customer service and support expenses.

#### Insurance Services

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First quarter revenue increased 7%, with about four percentage points attributable to motor vehicle registry (the fee charged by states for their records, which the Company passes on to its customers). The balance of the increase was due to improvements in Data Services (up 11%), Osborn Laboratories (up 27%) and CUE U.K. (up 109%), but was tempered somewhat by a 5% decline in Field Services revenue, due primarily to a shift by customers toward lower priced products and adverse weather conditions. The revenue increases in Data Services and Osborn Laboratories resulted primarily from volume increases, while the CUE U.K. increase resulted from the late 1995 roll-out of the CUE Motor product and increased usage of the CUE Home product.

Operating income improved 3% in the first quarter, with gains in Data Services and CUE U.K. partially offset by a decline in Field Services.

International Operations

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International Operations revenue, adjusted for noncomparables (acquisitions and the second quarter 1995 sale of the Canadian field services insurance products business), increased 5% in the first quarter. In local currencies, excluding noncomparables, revenue increased 2% in Canada and 9% in Europe, with modest gains in most product lines.

Operating profit increased \$1.7 million, or 76% in the first quarter, with Canada up \$.4 million, Europe improving by \$1.0 million, and South American joint ventures up \$.4 million. Within Europe, leverage resulting from the integration of the 1994 Infolink acquisition was partially offset by higher costs associated with the 1995 Infocheck acquisition, which is currently being integrated into the European Operations.

General Information Services

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After adjusting to exclude the effects of the third quarter 1995 sales of Elrick & Lavidge and Quick Test, revenue increased \$6.4 million. This increase was due to HISI's recognition of \$5.0 million from its lottery subcontract with GTECH (Note 6), and a \$1.4 million (9%) increase in Healthcare revenues.

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This segment's operating income improved \$4.7 million, primarily due to the \$5.0 million HISI revenue. The Elrick & Lavidge and Quick Test divestitures negatively impacted the increase by \$.7 million, but was partially offset by a \$.5 million improvement in Healthcare operations.

General Corporate Expense

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General corporate expense increased \$1.8 million from the prior year due primarily to higher incentive accruals and expenses for projects related to system enhancements.

Other Income and Effective Income Tax Rates

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The decrease in other income was due primarily to lower levels of interest income and a nonrecurring item recorded in the first quarter of 1996.

The effective income tax rate declined to 39.7% from 41.6% in 1995, due in large part to a change in the mix of foreign income between tax jurisdictions with different effective tax rates.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Company's financial condition remained strong during the first quarter of 1996. Net cash provided by operations increased from \$29.2 million to \$127.4 million primarily due to the receipt of \$58,000,000 related to the lottery subcontract (Note 6), reduced disbursements for income taxes due to the timing of payments between quarters, and a reduction in disbursements for salaries and bonuses and other current liabilities between years. Normal capital expenditures and dividend payments were met with these internally generated funds.

Other significant outlays in the first quarter included \$30.3 million of treasury stock purchases (Note 4), \$15.0 million for an acquisition (Note 7), and \$45.4 million in debt repayments. These items were principally financed by excess cash from operations.

Capital expenditures for the remainder of 1996 are currently projected to be approximately \$73 million, exclusive of acquisitions. Additional expenditures are possible as opportunities arise. As of March 31, 1996, approximately \$127 million remains authorized under the Company's share repurchase program, and purchases have continued in the second quarter.

The remaining 1996 capital expenditures should be met with internally generated funds. At March 31, 1996, \$545 million was available under the Company's \$550 million revolving credit facility to fund future capital requirements, including the possible purchase of the CSC collections and credit reporting businesses (Note 5). Management feels that the Company's liquidity will remain strong in both the short-term and long-term, and that the Company has sufficient debt capacity to finance all of these requirements, if necessary.

Arthur Andersen LLP, independent public accountants, has performed a limited review of the interim financial information contained herein in accordance with established professional standards and procedures for such a review. Attached hereto is a review report from Arthur Andersen LLP covering its limited review of the interim financial information contained herein.

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Shareholders of Equifax Inc.:

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated balance sheet of EQUIFAX INC. (a Georgia corporation) AND SUBSIDIARIES as of March 31, 1996 and the related interim consolidated statements of income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 1996 and 1995, shareholders' equity for the three-month period ended March 31, 1996, and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 1996 and 1995. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

We have previously audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Equifax Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 1995, and in our report dated February 16, 1996, we expressed an unqualified opinion on that statement.

/s/ Arthur Andersen LLP

Atlanta, Georgia May 13, 1996

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## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On April 26, 1993, the California State Lottery filed suit against High Integrity Systems, Inc., a Company subsidiary, in the Superior Court of the State of California, Sacramento County.

Reference is made to information reported in Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I of this report.

Item 5. Other Information

Reference is made to information reported in Notes 1, 2, 3, 4, 7 and 8 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I of this report.

## Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

#### (a) Exhibits

15 Letter from Arthur Andersen LLP, dated May 13, 1996.

#### (b) Reports on Form 8-K

Registrant did not file any reports on Form 8-K during the quarter for which this report is filed.

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EQUIFAX INC.
----(Registrant)

Date: May 14, 1996 /s/ D. W. McGlaughlin

D. W. McGlaughlin, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 14, 1996 /s/ P. J. Mazzilli

P. J. Mazzilli

Corporate Vice President and Controller

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Description of Exhibit

15 Arthur Andersen LLP Letter dated May 13, 1996

Exhibit 15

To Equifax Inc.

We are aware that Equifax Inc. has incorporated by reference in its previously filed Registration Statements on Form S-3 or Form S-8, File No. 33-40011, File No. 33-58734, File No. 33-34640, File No. 33-71202, as amended, File No. 33-66728, File No. 33-71200, as amended, File No. 33-86018, File No. 33-86978, File No. 33-58627 and File No. 33-63001, as amended, its Form 10-Q for the three months ended March 31, 1996, which includes our report dated February 16, 1996, covering the unaudited interim financial information contained therein. Pursuant to Regulation C of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act"), that report is not considered a part of the Registration Statements prepared or certified by our firm or a report prepared or certified by our firm within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.

/s/ Arthur Andersen LLP

Atlanta, Georgia May 13, 1996

#### <ARTICLE> 5

<LEGEND>

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM EQUIFAX INC. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 1996 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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